

(E)-N'-(2-Hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide

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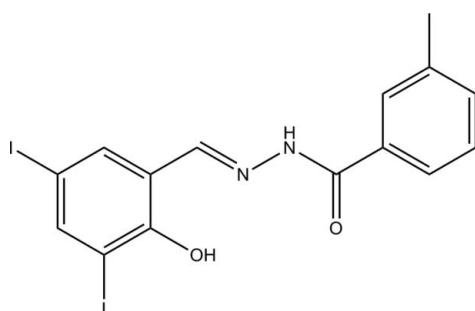
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.015\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.069; wR factor = 0.175; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{I}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$, the dihedral angle between the benzene rings is $26.5(3)^\circ$ and the molecule has an *E* configuration about the $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond. An intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond is observed in the molecule. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming chains along the *c* axis.

Related literature

For general background to hydrazones, see: Rasras *et al.* (2010); Pyta *et al.* (2010); Angelusiu *et al.* (2010). For related structures, see: Fun *et al.* (2008); Singh & Singh (2010); Ahmad *et al.* (2010); Tang (2010, 2011). For reference bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{12}\text{I}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$

$M_r = 506.07$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 14.778(3)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 11.764(3)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 9.8480(19)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 102.191(2)^\circ$

$V = 1673.4(6)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 3.76\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\text{ K}$

$0.17 \times 0.15 \times 0.15\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.567$, $T_{\max} = 0.602$

11923 measured reflections

3430 independent reflections

2072 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.069$

$wR(F^2) = 0.175$

$S = 1.02$

3430 reflections

196 parameters

1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.01\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots N1	0.82	1.85	2.572 (8)	146
N2—H2 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.90 (1)	1.93 (2)	2.800 (9)	162 (6)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2373).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o603 [doi:10.1107/S160053681200387X]

(E)-N'-(2-Hydroxy-3,5-diodobenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide

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Comment

Hydrazone compounds have received much attention in biological and structural chemistry in the last few years (Rasras *et al.*, 2010; Pyta *et al.*, 2010; Angelusiu *et al.*, 2010; Fun *et al.*, 2008; Singh & Singh, 2010; Ahmad *et al.*, 2010). As a continuation of our work on the structural study on such compounds (Tang, 2010, 2011), the author reports herein the crystal structure of the new title hydrazone compound.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 26.5 (3)°. An intramolecular O1—H1···N1 hydrogen bond (Table 1) is observed in the molecule, which has an E configuration about the N1=C7 bond. Bond lengths in the compound are normal (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and comparable to those in the similar compounds mentioned above. In the crystal, molecules are linked through intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds, forming chains along the *c* axis (Fig. 2 and Table 1).

Experimental

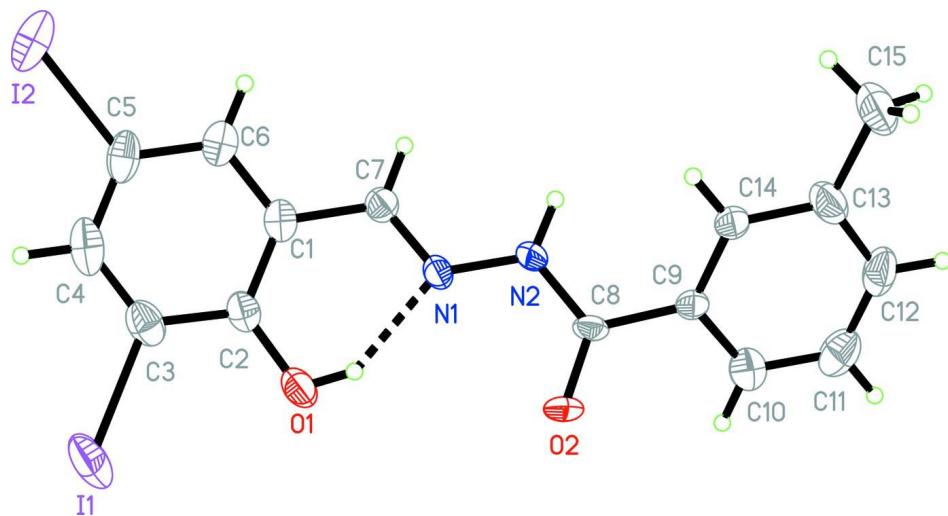
2-Hydroxy-3,5-diodobenzaldehyde (0.1 mmol, 37.5 mg) and 3-methylbenzohydrazide (0.1 mmol, 15.0 mg) were dissolved in methanol (20 ml). The mixture was stirred at reflux for 10 min to give a clear colourless solution. Colourless needle-shaped crystals of the compound were formed by slow evaporation of the solvent over several days.

Refinement

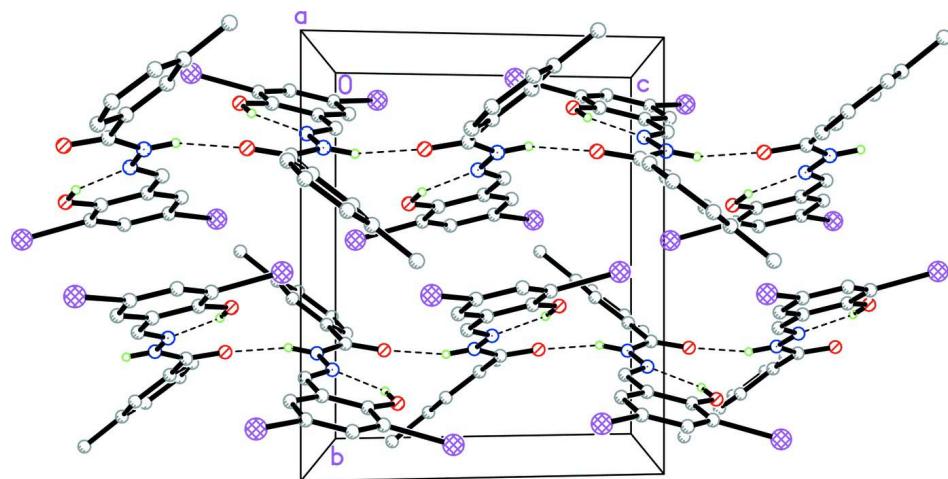
The amino H atom was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The other H atoms were included in calculated positions and refined as riding atoms: O—H = 0.82 Å, Csp²—H = 0.93 Å, and C(methyl)—H = 0.96 Å, with U_{iso}(H) = k × U_{eq}(O,C), where k = 1.5 for OH and CH₃ H-atoms, and k = 1.2 for all other H-atoms.

Computing details

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2002); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).

**Figure 1**

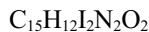
The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. The intramolecular O—H···N hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line (see Table 1 for details).

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the a axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

(E)-N'-(2-Hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide

Crystal data



$M_r = 506.07$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 14.778 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 11.764 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 9.8480 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 102.191 (2)^\circ$

$V = 1673.4 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 952$

$D_x = 2.009 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2661 reflections

$\theta = 2.2\text{--}24.4^\circ$

$\mu = 3.76 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298 \text{ K}$

Cut from needle, colourless

$0.17 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.567$, $T_{\max} = 0.602$

11923 measured reflections

3430 independent reflections

2072 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.045$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$

$h = -16 \rightarrow 18$

$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.069$

$wR(F^2) = 0.175$

$S = 1.02$

3430 reflections

196 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.058P)^2 + 13.9544P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.01 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
I1	0.35741 (6)	0.46000 (8)	0.09441 (9)	0.0923 (4)
I2	0.26264 (6)	0.40585 (9)	0.65569 (12)	0.0979 (4)
N1	0.6613 (5)	0.2920 (6)	0.4785 (7)	0.0399 (17)
N2	0.7486 (5)	0.2539 (6)	0.5352 (7)	0.0410 (17)
O1	0.5439 (5)	0.3715 (6)	0.2693 (6)	0.0589 (18)
H1	0.5930	0.3439	0.3106	0.088*
O2	0.7851 (4)	0.2492 (7)	0.3260 (6)	0.0599 (19)
C1	0.5105 (6)	0.3476 (7)	0.4956 (10)	0.044 (2)
C2	0.4846 (6)	0.3768 (7)	0.3551 (9)	0.045 (2)
C3	0.3942 (7)	0.4123 (9)	0.3033 (11)	0.059 (3)
C4	0.3331 (7)	0.4219 (8)	0.3891 (13)	0.066 (3)
H4	0.2733	0.4478	0.3532	0.080*
C5	0.3581 (6)	0.3939 (9)	0.5277 (13)	0.061 (3)
C6	0.4465 (6)	0.3558 (8)	0.5815 (11)	0.055 (2)
H6	0.4636	0.3355	0.6747	0.066*
C7	0.6045 (6)	0.3093 (7)	0.5559 (9)	0.043 (2)

H7	0.6225	0.2976	0.6512	0.052*
C8	0.8065 (6)	0.2322 (7)	0.4513 (8)	0.039 (2)
C9	0.8987 (6)	0.1848 (7)	0.5190 (8)	0.0377 (19)
C10	0.9737 (7)	0.2119 (9)	0.4621 (11)	0.059 (3)
H10	0.9661	0.2599	0.3855	0.070*
C11	1.0589 (8)	0.1685 (11)	0.5179 (14)	0.075 (3)
H11	1.1091	0.1863	0.4787	0.090*
C12	1.0708 (7)	0.0988 (11)	0.6311 (12)	0.072 (3)
H12	1.1297	0.0711	0.6691	0.086*
C13	0.9977 (8)	0.0684 (10)	0.6908 (10)	0.067 (3)
C14	0.9116 (7)	0.1147 (8)	0.6307 (9)	0.049 (2)
H14	0.8610	0.0968	0.6689	0.059*
C15	1.0119 (11)	-0.0117 (13)	0.8132 (13)	0.108 (5)
H15A	1.0718	0.0011	0.8714	0.162*
H15B	1.0078	-0.0888	0.7805	0.162*
H15C	0.9650	0.0015	0.8656	0.162*
H2	0.767 (4)	0.239 (6)	0.626 (2)	0.018 (17)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
I1	0.0839 (6)	0.0968 (7)	0.0776 (6)	0.0291 (5)	-0.0248 (4)	0.0073 (5)
I2	0.0542 (5)	0.1061 (8)	0.1439 (9)	-0.0029 (5)	0.0449 (5)	-0.0132 (6)
N1	0.037 (4)	0.044 (4)	0.036 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.001 (3)	0.002 (3)
N2	0.041 (4)	0.056 (5)	0.024 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (3)
O1	0.054 (4)	0.072 (5)	0.044 (4)	0.016 (4)	-0.005 (3)	0.002 (3)
O2	0.058 (4)	0.101 (5)	0.023 (3)	0.011 (4)	0.014 (3)	0.005 (3)
C1	0.039 (5)	0.033 (4)	0.058 (6)	-0.001 (4)	0.003 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C2	0.044 (5)	0.040 (5)	0.046 (5)	0.006 (4)	-0.002 (4)	-0.013 (4)
C3	0.061 (6)	0.053 (6)	0.056 (6)	0.008 (5)	-0.007 (5)	-0.012 (5)
C4	0.043 (6)	0.045 (6)	0.101 (9)	0.005 (5)	-0.008 (6)	-0.015 (6)
C5	0.035 (5)	0.053 (6)	0.093 (8)	-0.007 (5)	0.008 (5)	-0.013 (6)
C6	0.044 (5)	0.049 (6)	0.071 (7)	0.000 (5)	0.012 (5)	-0.007 (5)
C7	0.044 (5)	0.044 (5)	0.041 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.007 (4)	-0.004 (4)
C8	0.045 (5)	0.049 (5)	0.020 (4)	-0.001 (4)	0.006 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C9	0.040 (5)	0.045 (5)	0.027 (4)	0.003 (4)	0.006 (3)	-0.006 (4)
C10	0.052 (6)	0.058 (6)	0.064 (6)	0.002 (5)	0.007 (5)	0.000 (5)
C11	0.049 (7)	0.090 (9)	0.091 (9)	-0.008 (6)	0.028 (6)	-0.011 (7)
C12	0.039 (6)	0.101 (9)	0.070 (8)	0.017 (6)	0.000 (5)	-0.025 (7)
C13	0.074 (8)	0.078 (8)	0.042 (5)	0.027 (6)	-0.008 (5)	-0.002 (5)
C14	0.051 (5)	0.065 (6)	0.032 (5)	0.015 (5)	0.009 (4)	-0.008 (4)
C15	0.114 (11)	0.133 (13)	0.069 (8)	0.070 (10)	0.001 (8)	0.016 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

I1—C3	2.090 (10)	C6—H6	0.9300
I2—C5	2.085 (11)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—C7	1.264 (10)	C8—C9	1.493 (11)
N1—N2	1.368 (9)	C9—C14	1.356 (12)
N2—C8	1.334 (10)	C9—C10	1.381 (13)

N2—H2	0.897 (10)	C10—C11	1.362 (15)
O1—C2	1.341 (11)	C10—H10	0.9300
O1—H1	0.8200	C11—C12	1.365 (17)
O2—C8	1.224 (9)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.399 (12)	C12—C13	1.381 (16)
C1—C6	1.399 (13)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C7	1.461 (12)	C13—C14	1.395 (13)
C2—C3	1.390 (13)	C13—C15	1.510 (16)
C3—C4	1.365 (15)	C14—H14	0.9300
C4—C5	1.377 (16)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.377 (13)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C7—N1—N2	119.7 (7)	O2—C8—C9	121.9 (8)
C8—N2—N1	118.8 (6)	N2—C8—C9	116.1 (6)
C8—N2—H2	119 (4)	C14—C9—C10	118.9 (8)
N1—N2—H2	123 (4)	C14—C9—C8	123.2 (8)
C2—O1—H1	109.5	C10—C9—C8	117.9 (8)
C2—C1—C6	120.2 (8)	C11—C10—C9	120.1 (10)
C2—C1—C7	121.0 (8)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
C6—C1—C7	118.8 (8)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
O1—C2—C3	119.2 (8)	C10—C11—C12	120.3 (11)
O1—C2—C1	122.2 (8)	C10—C11—H11	119.9
C3—C2—C1	118.5 (9)	C12—C11—H11	119.9
C4—C3—C2	120.5 (10)	C11—C12—C13	121.7 (10)
C4—C3—I1	121.2 (8)	C11—C12—H12	119.2
C2—C3—I1	118.1 (8)	C13—C12—H12	119.2
C3—C4—C5	121.3 (10)	C12—C13—C14	116.4 (10)
C3—C4—H4	119.3	C12—C13—C15	120.8 (11)
C5—C4—H4	119.3	C14—C13—C15	122.8 (11)
C6—C5—C4	119.6 (10)	C9—C14—C13	122.7 (10)
C6—C5—I2	119.8 (9)	C9—C14—H14	118.6
C4—C5—I2	120.6 (8)	C13—C14—H14	118.6
C5—C6—C1	119.8 (10)	C13—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.1	C13—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.1	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C1	120.0 (8)	C13—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	120.0	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C7—H7	120.0	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—C8—N2	122.1 (8)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···N1	0.82	1.85	2.572 (8)	146
N2—H2···O2 ⁱ	0.90 (1)	1.93 (2)	2.800 (9)	162 (6)

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